

Perverse sheaves on the flag variety - Part 1Leonardo Patimo
12.8.15Perverse Sheaves \longleftrightarrow category \mathcal{O}

$$\text{Perv}_G(\mathbb{G}/B) \stackrel{\sim}{\rightarrow} \mathcal{O}$$

||| \cong

A-mod where A is self-Koszul

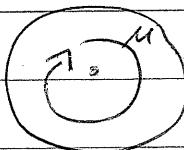
Perverse Sheaves (in general)

X complex algebraic variety

F sheaves of C-vs (f.d.)

Def: A local system \mathcal{L} is a locally constant sheafi.e. $\forall p \in X \exists U \ni p$ s.t. $\mathcal{L}|_U = \mathbb{C}^k|_U$ Ex: $\text{Loc } (\mathbb{C}) = \text{f.d. vs}$ $\text{Loc } (\mathbb{C}^*) = \{V_{\text{vs}} +$

$$\mu: V \rightarrow V\}$$

 $\text{Loc } (X) = \text{Rep } (\pi_1(X), \mathbb{C})$ Def: $X = \coprod_{j \in J} X_j$ stratification if1) $\forall j \in J$: X_j locally closed, smooth, connected2) $\overline{X_j} = \coprod_{\mu \in \Lambda_j} X_\mu$ for some $\Lambda_j \subseteq J$.

Ex: C curve (maybe singular)

$$C = C_{\text{smooth}} \sqcup \left(\coprod_{p \in \text{Sing}(X)} \{p\} \right)$$

Def: $(X, \{X_j\})$ stratified space

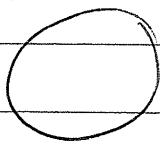
F sheaf, then

F is said constructible if $\forall i_j: X_j \rightarrow X$ $i_j^* F$ is a local system

Ex:

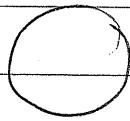
$$\mathbb{C} \xrightarrow{f} \mathbb{C}$$

$z \longmapsto z^2$



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(with $\mathbb{C} = \mathbb{C}^* \cup \{0\}$)

$f_* \underline{\mathbb{C}}$ is constructible but not local system
 $(f_* \underline{\mathbb{C}})_0 \cong \mathbb{C}$, $(f_* \underline{\mathbb{C}})_x \cong \mathbb{C}^2 \forall x \neq 0$.

 (X, Λ) stratified

$D_{\Lambda}^b(X) =$ derived category of sheaves whose cohomology
sheaves are constructible wrt Λ .

④

$\dots \rightarrow \mathcal{F}^1 \rightarrow \mathcal{F}^2 \rightarrow \dots$ s.t. $H^i(\mathcal{F})$ constructible $\forall i$

Fact: Preserved under 6 functors (if you allow to
change the stratification [-])

$$Sh(X) \subseteq D_{\Lambda}^b(X) \supseteq Perv_{\Lambda}(X)$$

[abelian subcat., "heart of a t-structure"]

 t -structure

$${}^P D_{\Lambda}^{\leq 0} = \left\{ \mathcal{F} \in D_{\Lambda}^b(X) \mid H^i(i_1^* \mathcal{F}) = i_1^* H^i(\mathcal{F}) = 0 \quad \forall i > -d_2 = \dim X_1 \right\}$$

$${}^P D_{\Lambda}^{\geq 0} = \left\{ \mathcal{F} \in D_{\Lambda}^b(X) \mid H^i(i_1^! \mathcal{F}) = 0 \quad \forall i < d_2 \right\}$$

Thus: $({}^P D_{\Lambda}^{\leq 0}, {}^P D_{\Lambda}^{\geq 0})$ is a t-structure

Cor: $Perv_{\Lambda}(X) := {}^P D_{\Lambda}^{\leq 0} \cap {}^P D_{\Lambda}^{\geq 0}$ is an abelian category.

$\mathcal{F} \in \text{Perv}_\lambda(X)$

$d = \dim X$

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$H^1(\mathcal{F}) = 0$

 $H^0(\mathcal{F})$ supported on

$H^{-1}(\mathcal{F}) \cdots$

:

 \therefore \circlearrowleft X_2 with $\dim X_2 = 0$

— “ — 1

$H^{-d+1}(\mathcal{F})$

~~(\times)~~

on divisor

$H^{-d}(\mathcal{F})$

on all of X

$H^{-d-1}(\mathcal{F}) = 0$ (this follows from $D_n^{>0}$)

Simple objects in $\text{Perv}_\lambda(X)$ \mathcal{L} irreducible local system on X_2 $\text{IC}(\overline{X}_2, \mathcal{L})$ "minimal" extension of \mathcal{L} to a perverse sheaf on \overline{X}_2

$\text{IC}(\overline{X}_2, \mathcal{L})|_{X_2} \cong \mathcal{L}[d_2], d_2 = \dim X_2$

 \mathcal{L} irreduc. $\Rightarrow i_{2*} \text{IC}(\overline{X}_2, \mathcal{L})$ is simple in $\text{Perv}_\lambda(X)$

Thus: All simple perverse sheaves are of this form.

All the objects in $\text{Perv}_\lambda(X)$ have finite length.Flag variety G reductive group / \mathbb{C}

U1

$G = GL_n(\mathbb{C})$

U1

 B Borel subgroup

U1

$B = (\begin{smallmatrix} & & \\ & \Delta & \\ & & \end{smallmatrix})$

U1

 T max. torus

$T = (\begin{smallmatrix} & & \\ & 1 & \\ & & \end{smallmatrix})$

Bruhat Decomposition, $W = N_G(T)/B$

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$$G/B = \coprod_{w \in W} BwB/B$$

$$= X_w \cong \mathbb{C}^{l(w)}$$

Schubert cell

\overline{X}_w Schubert variety

$\rightsquigarrow \mathcal{L} = \{\overline{X}_w\}_{w \in W}$ is a stratification of $X = G/B$

Since $X_w = \mathbb{C}^{l(w)}$ all the local systems on X_w are trivial.

All the simple objects in $\text{Perv}_X(G/B)$ are

$$i_{w*} \mathbb{I}(X_w, \underline{\mathbb{C}}) =: \mathbb{I}_{C_w}, w \in W$$

$i_w: X_w \rightarrow X$ have $i_w! \mathcal{F}, i_{w*} \mathcal{F}$ for a sheaf \mathcal{F}

Since i_w is an affine map it follows that

$$\text{for } \mathcal{F} = \underline{\mathbb{C}}_w[d_w] \quad d_w = \dim X_w = l(w)$$

"shift"

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathcal{F}[1] \\ & \downarrow \\ & \mathcal{F}^{-1} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}^0 \rightarrow \mathcal{F}^1 \rightarrow \dots \\ & \downarrow \\ & \mathcal{F}^0 \rightarrow \mathcal{F}^1 \rightarrow \mathcal{F}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Prop: $i_w! \mathbb{C}_w[d_w], i_{w*} \mathbb{C}_w[d_w]$ are perverse sheaves

$$i_w! \mathbb{C}_w[d_w] \rightarrow \mathbb{I}_{C_w} \hookrightarrow i_{w*} \mathbb{C}_w[d_w]$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \{ & \{ & \} \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ \text{Verma module} & \text{irred module} & \text{dual Verma module} \end{array}$$

Thus (Borel picture) $H^*(G/B) = \frac{S(\mathfrak{h}^*)}{S(\mathfrak{h}^*)_+^W S(\mathfrak{h}^*)}$ where

$$\mathfrak{h}^* = \text{Lie}(T)^* \subset S(\mathfrak{h}^*) \text{ has deg} = 2$$

$$S(\mathfrak{h}^*)_+^W \text{ invariant of degree} > 0$$

(coinvariant algebra)

$$\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{D}_n^b(X) = \mathbb{D}$$

$$IH^*(\mathcal{F}) = R\Gamma(\mathcal{F}) = \underset{\text{global section}}{\text{Hom}}_{\mathcal{D}}(\mathbb{C}_X, \mathcal{F})$$

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J

$$\underset{\parallel}{\text{Hom}}_{\mathcal{D}}(\mathbb{C}_X, \mathbb{C}_X)$$

$$IH^*(\mathbb{C}_X) = H^*(G/B) = C$$

$$IH : \mathcal{D}_n^b(X) \rightarrow \text{Mod}$$

Thm (Erweiterungssatz, proved by Sörgel)

$$\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{D}_n^b(X)}(\mathbb{C}_X, \mathbb{C}_Y) \xrightarrow{IH} \text{Hom}_{\text{Mod}}(IH^*(\mathbb{C}_X), IH^*(\mathbb{C}_Y))$$

i.e.

IH is a fully faithful functor on the simple perverse sheaves
and their shifts.

Proof (only of injectivity)

\exists spectral sequence E_1^{pq} s.t.

$$E_1^{pq} = IH^{p+q}(i_p^! \mathbb{C}_X) \Rightarrow E_\infty^{pq} = IH^{p+q}(\mathbb{C}_X)$$

$$\text{where } i_p : X_p = \coprod_{l(w)=\dim X-p} X_w \hookrightarrow X$$

Parity vanishing: $H^i(\mathbb{C}_X) = 0$ if $i + l(x)$ is odd

$\Rightarrow E_1^{pq}$ vanishes as a "chess-board"

\Rightarrow the spectral sequence

degenerates at 1

0	$\uparrow d$	0	\Rightarrow all
0		$\uparrow d$	differen-
0		0	tials are

$$IH^{p+q}(\mathbb{C}_X) \cong \bigoplus_{p+q=n} E_1^{pq}$$

Take $f : \mathbb{C}_X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}_Y$ s.t. $IH(f) = 0 : IH^*(\mathbb{C}_X) \rightarrow IH^*(\mathbb{C}_Y)$

$$\Rightarrow i_p^! f = 0 \quad \forall p, \quad i_p^! f : i_p^! \mathbb{C}_X \rightarrow i_p^! \mathbb{C}_Y$$

take $a_p : \overline{X_p} \hookrightarrow X$

$$X_p \xrightarrow[\text{open}]{} \overline{X_p} \xleftarrow[\text{closed}]{} \overline{X_{p+1}}$$

$$X_p = \overline{X_p} \setminus \overline{X_{p+1}}$$

$$X_p \xrightarrow{u_p} \overline{X}_p \xleftarrow{\text{closed}} \overline{X}_{p+1}$$

open
 $u_p^* = u_p!$

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$$u_{p*} u_{p!}^{-1}(C_X) \xrightarrow{a_p^! C_X} j_{\bar{p}*} j_{\bar{p}}^!(a_p^! C_X) \xrightarrow{+^1} \text{distinguished triangle}$$

$u_{p*} i_p^!(C_X)$ $a_p^! f$ $a_{p+1}^! f$

$\downarrow u_{p+1} i_p^!(\mathbb{Q})$ \downarrow \downarrow

$$u_{p*} u_{p!}^{-1} i_p^!(C_{Y(i)}) \xrightarrow{a_p^! (C_{Y(i)})} j_{\bar{p}*} j_{\bar{p}}^! a_p^! (C_{Y(i)})$$

$$\text{by induction } i_p^! f = 0 + a_{p+1}^! f = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow a_p^! f = 0 \Rightarrow a_0^! f = 0 \Rightarrow f = 0. \quad \square$$

$H \cong K$ ————— $C\text{-Mod}$ is fully faithful

$$\langle C_X \rangle_{\oplus, \mathbb{P}}$$

$\sim H$ gives an equivalence with essential image ("S\"orgel modules").