

Homework

Waves in Evolution Equations

Summer term 2017

Wolf-Jürgen Beyn
Christian Döding

Due: Wed. May 03, 12:00, V3-128, mailbox 128 (Christian Döding)

Tutorial: Tue. 09.05. 2017, 14-16, V5-148

Exercise 2: [The quintic Nagumo equation]

(a) Show that the quintic Nagumo equation

$$u_t = Du_{xx} - B \prod_{j=1}^5 (u - \beta_j), \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, t \geq 0 \quad (1)$$

with parameters $\beta_1 < \beta_2 < \beta_3 < \beta_4 < \beta_5$ and $D, B > 0$ can be brought by suitable transformations into the normal form

$$u_t = u_{xx} + f(u), \quad f(u) = u(u - b_2)(u - b_3)(u - b_4)(1 - u), \quad (2)$$

where $0 < b_2 < b_3 < b_4 < 1$.

- (b) Set up the travelling wave ODE (called TWODE(c)) that determines travelling waves with speed c for the equation (2). Find a relation between the zeroes of f that allows to determine an orbit connecting 0 to b_3 and b_3 to 1, respectively, by solving a first order scalar autonomous differential equation.
- (c) Compute all steady states of TWODE(c) and determine whether they are sources, sinks or saddles. Use NUMLAB to draw the phase portrait of TWODE(c) for some selected values of b_2, b_3, b_4 and c . Draw the stable and unstable manifolds of the saddles. For each of the cases $0 \rightarrow b_3, b_3 \rightarrow 1$ and $0 \rightarrow 1$ find at least one parameter setting where these connections occur.

(3+3+4 points)

Exercise 3: [The Klein Gordon equation] Write the Klein-Gordon equation

$$u_{tt} = u_{xx} - u, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, t \geq 0 \quad (3)$$

as a first order system

$$U_t + AU_x + BU = 0, \quad A, B \in \mathbb{R}^{2,2}, x \in \mathbb{R}, t \geq 0, \quad (4)$$

by setting $U = (u, u_t - u_x)^\top$. Transform also the initial data $u(\cdot, 0) = u_0, u_t(\cdot, 0) = v_0$, with given functions $u_0, v_0 : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ into initial data for the system. Determine the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A . Show that wave solutions of (3) transform into wave solutions of (4) and vice versa.

(6 points)