Formal Logic — Exercise Sheet 3

Exercise 9: (Horn formula algorithm)

(a) Apply the Marking Algorithm for Horn formulas to the following two formulas F and G. Is F (resp. G) satisfiable? If yes, please give all valuations \mathcal{A} with $\mathcal{A} \models F$ (resp. $\mathcal{A} \models G$).

$$F = (D \land A \Rightarrow B) \land (B \land E \Rightarrow C) \land (C \Rightarrow D) \land (D \land C \Rightarrow A) \land (1 \Rightarrow C)$$

 $G = (\neg A_1 \lor \neg A_3 \lor \neg A_5 \lor A_6) \land (\neg A_2 \lor \neg A_3 \lor A_6) \land \neg A_7 \land (\neg A_6 \lor \neg A_2 \lor A_7) \land A_4 \land (A_5 \lor \neg A_4) \land (\neg A_4 \lor \neg A_5 \lor A_1) \land (\neg A_1 \lor \neg A_2 \lor A_3) \land (\neg A_5 \lor \neg A_1 \lor A_2) \land (\neg A_5 \lor \neg A_5 \lor A_6) \land (\neg A_5 \lor \neg A_6 \lor A_6) \land (\neg A_5 \lor A_6) \land (\neg A_5 \lor \neg A_5 \lor A_6) \land (\neg A_5 \lor \neg A_5 \lor A_6) \land (\neg A_6 \lor A$

(b) The fiveTM DisneyTM princessesTM ArielleTM, BelleTM, CinderellaTM, DianaTM and

ElizaTM are invited to a party. Again they state strict opinions:

ArielleTM: If ElizaTM and BelleTM are coming to the party I will come, too. BelleTM: If ElizaTM is coming I will come as well. CinderellaTM: If ArielleTM and BelleTM are coming I will come, too. DianaTM: If ElizaTM and CinderellaTM will come I will come, too. ElizaTM: I will go to the party anyway.

Translate their statements into a single HornTM formula F. Is F satisfiable? If yes, please give a valuation \mathcal{A} with $\mathcal{A} \models F$. What is the minimal satisfying valuation?

Exercise 10: (Easy decisions)

(a) Show that any Horn formula (in CNF) is satisfiable if each disjunctive clause contains at least one \neg .

(b) Give an algorithm that decides in polynomial time whether a formula in disjunctive normal form (DNF) is satisfiable.

Exercise 11: (satisfiable vs tautology)

Prove or give a counterexample:

- (a) If F is a tautology and $F \Rightarrow G$ is a tautology, then G is a tautology.
- (b) If F is satisfiable and $F \Rightarrow G$ is satisfiable, then G is satisfiable.
- (c) If F is satisfiable and $F \Rightarrow G$ is a tautology, then G is satisfiable.
- (d) If F is satisfiable and $F \Rightarrow G$ is a tautology, then G is a tautology.

Exercise 12: (Infinitely many formulas)

Find all valuations for A_1, A_2, \ldots satisfying the infinite set of formulas

$$\{A_1 \lor A_2, \neg A_2 \lor \neg A_3, A_3 \lor A_4, \neg A_4 \lor \neg A_5, A_5 \lor A_6, \ldots\}$$

(Hint: there are more than seven.)

Hand in your solutions until 4.11.2019 at 11:00 in post box 2183 in V3, or via email to the tutor. Please indicate the name of the tutor on your solution sheet.

Tutors: Oliver Tautz otautz@techfak.uni-bielefeld.de Wed 8-10 Jonas Kalinski jkalinski@techfak.uni-bielefeld.de Tue 16-18