

**Formal Logic — Exercise Sheet 8****Exercise 29: (Skolemification and Herbrandization)**

(a) Establish the Skolem normal form  $G$  of

$$F = \neg \exists x \forall y (P(y) \vee Q(g(a, x))) \wedge \neg \forall x (P(b) \wedge \neg Q(f(x))),$$

(b) Write down 12 terms of the Herbrand universe  $H(G)$  of the Skolem normal form  $G$  of  $F$ .

(c) Write down 12 terms of the Herbrand universe  $H(F)$  of  $F$ .

**Exercise 30: (Not a law)**

Show that the two formulas in (a) (respectively, in (b)) are not equivalent to each other by providing a (counter-)example for each.

(a)  $\exists x \forall y P(x, y) \not\equiv \forall y \exists x P(x, y)$

(b)  $(\exists x F) \wedge (\exists x G) \not\equiv \exists x (F \wedge G)$ .

**Exercise 31: (Equivalence)**

Let

$$F = \neg \forall x \exists y (P(x) \vee \neg Q(y)) \vee \exists z \exists x R(x, z)$$

and

$$G = \exists z \exists x \forall y \left( (\neg P(x) \vee R(x, z)) \wedge (Q(y) \vee R(x, z)) \right).$$

Show that  $F \equiv G$  by applying the transformation rules of Theorem 2.1.

**Exercise 32: (Equisatisfiability)**

Show why step 4 in Algorithm 2.1 does not preserve equivalence. (Compare Theorem 2.4 and the remark after Algorithm 2.1.)

*Hint: a valuation  $\mathcal{A}$  for two formulas needs to explain each symbol in both formulas. What new symbols do arise here?*

Send your solutions until Tue 7.12.2021 at 14:00 to the tutor who sent you the correction of your last solutions.

Tutors:	Leonard Simon Ellinghaus	lellinghaus@techfak.de
	Jonas Kalinski	jkalinski@techfak.de
	Frederic Alberti	falberti@math.uni-bielefeld.de