

# Computations for thick subcategories in Macaulay2

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- ➊ Definitions: What do we want to compute?
- ➋ Strategies: How can those be computed?
- ➌ Implementation: What does the package compute?

# Setting

- $R$  = commutative ring
- $D(R)$  = derived category of  $R$ -modules
  - objects: complexes of  $R$ -modules
  - morphisms: chain complexes with quasi-isomorphisms inverted
    - e.g.  $X \cong 0$  in  $D(R) \iff X$  is acyclic

# Setting

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    - e.g.  $X \cong 0$  in  $D(R) \iff X$  is acyclic
  - Structure as a triangulated category:

## Suspension

$\Sigma: D(R) \rightarrow D(R)$  given by

$$X: \quad \cdots \xrightarrow{\partial} X_n \xrightarrow{\partial} X_{n-1} \rightarrow \cdots$$

$$\Sigma X: \cdots \rightarrow X_n \xrightarrow{-\partial} X_{n-1} \xrightarrow{-\partial} \cdots$$

## Exact triangles

Replacement for SESs:

$$X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow Z \rightarrow \Sigma X$$

satisfying some axioms.

## Mapping cone

For  $X \xrightarrow{f} Y$  there is an object  $\text{Cone}(f) := X_n \oplus Y_{n+1} \xrightarrow{\begin{pmatrix} -\partial^X & 0 \\ f & \partial^Y \end{pmatrix}} \overbrace{X_{n-1} \oplus Y_n}^{\text{degree } n} \rightarrow \cdots$   
and an exact triangle  $X \xrightarrow{f} Y \rightarrow \text{Cone}(f) \rightarrow \Sigma X \xrightarrow{\Sigma f} \Sigma Y$

# Thick subcategories

A full subcategory  $T$  of  $D(R)$  is thick if it is closed under:

- retracts,
- suspensions,
- cones.

$\text{thick}(G) :=$  smallest thick subcategory containing  $G$ .

# Thick subcategories

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## Example

$\text{thick}(R) = \{\text{complexes quasi-isomorphic to bounded complexes of f.g. projective } R\text{-modules}\}$

## Example

$\text{thick}(k) = \{\text{complexes with finite length homology}\}$

# Building and level

A filtration

$$\{0\} \subseteq \text{thick}^1(G) \subseteq \text{thick}^2(G) \subseteq \cdots \subseteq \bigcup_{n \geq 0} \text{thick}^n(G) = \text{thick}(G)$$

is given by:

- $\text{thick}^0(G) := \{0\}$
- $\text{thick}^1(G) :=$  smallest subcategory containing  $G$ , closed under finite direct sums, suspensions and retracts.
- $\text{thick}^n(G) :=$  smallest subcategory containing all  $X$  such that there exists an exact triangle

$$Y \rightarrow X \oplus X' \rightarrow Z \rightarrow \Sigma Y$$

with  $Y \in \text{thick}^{n-1}(G)$  and  $Z \in \text{thick}^1(G)$ .

$$\text{level}^G(X) := \inf\{n \geq 0 \mid X \in \text{thick}^n(G)\}$$

# Building and level

## Example

- $P$  a f.g. projective  $R$ -modules:  $\text{level}^R(\Sigma^n P) = 1$
- $X = 0 \rightarrow P \xrightarrow{f} Q \rightarrow 0 = \text{Cone}(P \xrightarrow{f} Q)$  with  $P, Q$  f.g. projective  $R$ -modules:  $\text{level}^R(X) \leq 2$
- $X$  a bounded complex of f.g. projective  $R$ -modules:  
 $\text{level}^R(X) \leq \max(X) - \min(X) + 1$
- $M$  a f.g.  $R$ -module:  $\text{level}^R(M) = \text{proj dim}_R(M) + 1$

## Example

$(R, \mathfrak{m}, k)$  a local ring.

- $X$  a complex with f.g. bounded homology and  $\mathfrak{m}^n X \simeq 0$ :  
 $\text{level}^k(X) \leq n$
- $M$  a f.g.  $R$ -module:  
 $\text{level}^k(M) = \inf \{n \geq 0 \mid \mathfrak{m}^n M = 0\} = \text{Loewy length}$



# Goal

① Check  $X \in \text{thick}(G)$ .

② Compute  $\text{level}^G(X)$ .

# Goal

- 1 Check  $X \in \text{thick}(G)$ .

## Idea

$X \in \text{thick}(G)$  implies containment of supports for different notions of support.

- 2 Compute  $\text{level}^G(X)$ .

①  $\text{supp}(X) = \{\mathfrak{p} \in \text{Spec}(R) \mid X_{\mathfrak{p}} \neq 0\}$

For an exact triangle  $X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow Z \rightarrow \Sigma X$ :

$$\text{supp}(Y) \subseteq \text{supp}(X) \cup \text{supp}(Z).$$

Thus  $X \in \text{thick}(G) \implies \text{supp}(X) \subseteq \text{supp}(G)$

$$\stackrel{k=\bar{k}}{\iff} \sqrt{\text{ann}(H(X))} \supseteq \text{ann}(H(G))$$

# Support

①  $\text{supp}(X) = \{\mathfrak{p} \in \text{Spec}(R) \mid X_{\mathfrak{p}} \neq 0\}$

For an exact triangle  $X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow Z \rightarrow \Sigma X$ :

$$\text{supp}(Y) \subseteq \text{supp}(X) \cup \text{supp}(Z).$$

Thus  $X \in \text{thick}(G) \stackrel{\text{red}}{\iff} \text{supp}(X) \subseteq \text{supp}(G) \quad X, G \in \text{Perf}(R)$

$$\stackrel{k=\bar{k}}{\iff} \sqrt{\text{ann}(H(X))} \supseteq \text{ann}(H(G))$$

$$\textcircled{1} \operatorname{supp}(X) = \{\mathfrak{p} \in \operatorname{Spec}(R) \mid X_{\mathfrak{p}} \neq 0\}$$

For an exact triangle  $X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow Z \rightarrow \Sigma X$ :

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$$\text{Thus } X \in \operatorname{thick}(G) \stackrel{\Longleftrightarrow}{\implies} \operatorname{supp}(X) \subseteq \operatorname{supp}(G) \quad X, G \in \operatorname{Perf}(R)$$

$$\stackrel{k=\bar{k}}{\Longleftrightarrow} \sqrt{\operatorname{ann}(\operatorname{H}(X))} \supseteq \operatorname{ann}(\operatorname{H}(G))$$

$$\textcircled{2} R = Q/(\mathbf{f}) \text{ with } \mathbf{f} = f_1, \dots, f_c.$$

$$E = \operatorname{Kos}^Q(\mathbf{f}), \quad \mathcal{S} = Q[\chi_1, \dots, \chi_c]$$

$$V_E(X, Y) = \operatorname{supp}_{\mathcal{S}}^+(\operatorname{Ext}_E(X, Y))$$

$$\text{Then } X \in \operatorname{thick}_R(G) \implies X \in \operatorname{thick}_E(G)$$

$$\iff V_E(X, X) \subseteq V_E(G, G)$$

$$\implies V_E(X, Y) \subseteq V_E(G, Y) \text{ for any } Y$$

①  $\text{supp}(X) = \{\mathfrak{p} \in \text{Spec}(R) \mid X_{\mathfrak{p}} \neq 0\}$

For an exact triangle  $X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow Z \rightarrow \Sigma X$ :

$$\text{supp}(Y) \subseteq \text{supp}(X) \cup \text{supp}(Z).$$

Thus  $X \in \text{thick}(G) \iff \text{supp}(X) \subseteq \text{supp}(G) \quad X, G \in \text{Perf}(R)$

$$\stackrel{k=\bar{k}}{\iff} \sqrt{\text{ann}(H(X))} \supseteq \text{ann}(H(G))$$

②  $R = Q/(f)$  with  $f = f_1, \dots, f_c$ .

$$E = \text{Kos}^Q(f), \quad S = Q[\chi_1, \dots, \chi_c]$$

$$V_E(X, Y) = \text{supp}_S^+(\text{Ext}_E(X, Y))$$

Then  $X \in \text{thick}_R(G) \iff X \in \text{thick}_E(G) \quad R \text{ ci}$

$$\iff V_E(X, X) \subseteq V_E(G, G)$$

$$\iff V_E(X, k) \subseteq V_E(G, k) \quad \text{length } H(X) < \infty$$

# Goal

- 1 Check  $X \in \text{thick}(G)$ .

## Idea

$X \in \text{thick}(G)$  implies containment of supports for different notions of support.

- 2 Compute  $\text{level}^G(X)$ .

## Idea

$$\text{level}^G(X) = \inf \left\{ n \geq 0 \mid X = X_0 \xrightarrow{f(X_0)} X_1 \xrightarrow{f(X_1)} X_2 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow X_n \right. \\ \left. \text{is zero in } D(R) \right\}$$

with  $f(X_i): X_i \rightarrow X_{i+1}$  constructed from a right  $G$ -approximation of  $X_i$ .

# Right approximations

A right  $G$ -approximation of  $X$  is a map  $G' \rightarrow X$  with

$$G' = \bigoplus \Sigma^n G^{d_n} \quad \text{and} \quad \begin{array}{ccc} \Sigma^d G & \longrightarrow & X \\ \downarrow \exists & \nearrow & \\ G' & & \end{array}$$

Completing this to an exact triangle

$$G' \rightarrow X \xrightarrow{f(X)} Y \rightarrow \Sigma G'$$

yields

$$\text{level}^G(X) = \inf \left\{ n \geq 0 \left| \begin{array}{l} X = X_0 \xrightarrow{f(X_0)} X_1 \xrightarrow{f(X_1)} X_2 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow X_n \\ \text{is zero in } D(R) \end{array} \right. \right\}.$$



- ① `isBuilt(X,G)` checks if  $X \in \text{thick}(G)$
- ② `level(G,X)` returns  $\text{level}^G(X)$