

## Representations of quivers over the algebra of dual numbers.

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Abstract: The representations of a quiver  $Q$  over a field  $k$  (the  $kQ$ -modules, where  $kQ$  is the path algebra of  $Q$  over  $k$ ) have been studied for a long time, and one knows quite well the structure of the module category  $\text{mod } kQ$ . It seems to be worthwhile to consider also representations of  $Q$  over arbitrary finite-dimensional  $k$ -algebras  $A$ . The lecture will draw the attention to the case when  $A = k[\epsilon]$  is the algebra of dual numbers (the factor algebra of the polynomial ring  $k[T]$  in one variable  $T$  modulo the ideal generated by  $T^2$ ), thus to the  $\Lambda$ -modules, where  $\Lambda = kQ[\epsilon] = kQ[T]/\langle T^2 \rangle$ .

The algebra  $\Lambda$  is a 1-Gorenstein algebra, thus the torsionless  $\Lambda$ -modules are known to be of special interest (as the Gorenstein-projective or maximal Cohen-Macaulay modules). They form a Frobenius category  $\mathcal{L}$ , thus the corresponding stable category  $\underline{\mathcal{L}}$  is a triangulated category. Actually, this category  $\mathcal{L}$  is the category of perfect differential  $kQ$ -modules and  $\underline{\mathcal{L}}$  is the corresponding homotopy category. As we will see, the homology functor  $H: \text{mod } \Lambda \rightarrow \text{mod } kQ$  yields a bijection between the indecomposables in  $\underline{\mathcal{L}}$  and those in  $\text{mod } kQ$  and the kernel of  $H$  is a finitely generated ideal of the category  $\mathcal{L}$  which will be described explicitly.

This is a report on joint investigations with Zhang Pu (Shanghai).