Übungsaufgaben 9.

- **1.** Construct a simple 2-module of dimension n, for any $n \in \mathbb{N}_1$, and also one which is infinite-dimensional.
- **2.** Construct, if possible, a 2×2 -matrix B with coefficients in \mathbb{C} such that $(\mathbb{C}^2; A, B)$ is simple, for A as follows:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- **3.** Let Q be a finite quiver with n vertices. Show that the number of simple representations is n if and only if there are no oriented cycles.
 - **4.** (a) Let k be a field. Show that (k[T], T) has no simple submodules.
- (b) A module M is called uniform (or colocal) provided it contains a non-zero submodule which is contained in any non-zero submodule. Of course, a uniform module has a unique simple submodule and is indecomposable. Construct a 1-module with a unique simple submodule which is not uniform. Construct a 2-module with a unique simple submodule which is not uniform, but is in addition also indecomposable.